



Safety through quality

PRODUCT PREVIEW

Rapi**Test** tool qualification for ISO 26262 projects

Product preview: RapiTest tool qualification for ISO 26262 projects



Introduction

Tool qualification is essential in the production of software designed for safety-related embedded systems. In the tool qualification process, the tool developer provides evidence that the tool meets its functional and safety requirements. Typically, this qualification is only valid within certain conditions (*Conditions of Use*), which the tool developer must also document.

When you use RapiTest for an ISO 26262 project, we can provide tool qualification evidence. We can also provide engineering effort, tests and further documentation to help you validate the *Conditions of Use*.

Tool qualification evidence

The objective of ISO 26262 tool qualification is to provide evidence that software tools are suitable for use in developing safety-related software. We perform software tool criteria evaluation and tool qualification to produce test evidence, resulting in the work products described in Table 1.

Table 1. Tool qualification work products for ISO 26262 projects

Document	ISO 26262 reference	Description
Software Tool Criteria Evaluation Report	8-11.4.5	Assesses the detectability and consequences of tool failure. Determines tool confidence level and the tool qualification process.
Software Tool Qualification Report	8-11.4.6 to 10	Describes tool functional and robustness behaviour. Describes requirements development and testing of the tool. Presents test results, tool deviations and limitations.

RapiTest tool qualification

Internally, our requirements-based testing process follows the aerospace standard DO-330, and we derive the *Conditions of Use* from software tool-chain analysis within that process.

RapiTest may be used with off-the-shelf or custom target integrations, so the *Conditions of Use* include validation of the correctness of the target integration.

When you purchase a license for RapiTest, we can provide documents and tests that you need to validate the *Conditions of Use*. These are part of a fully qualified installation of RapiTest, which includes the following:

- RPF: the RapiTest tool.
- TIS (Target Integration Service): integration of RPC into your build and target environments (see our *Target Integration Service Product brief* for more details).
- QK-RPC (RapiTest Qualification Kit): documents describing qualification for the version of RapiTest you use in your project.
- QTIS (Qualified Target Integration Service): documents describing qualification for the integration of RapiTest into your build and target environments including tests of that RapiTest integration.

Tool Qualification Kit

The tool qualification kit contains documents that describe the version of Rapi**Test** you are using. This forms part of the evidence you need to qualify the tool, and contains the following documents:

- STCER (Software Tool Criteria Evaluation Report)
- STQR (Software Tool Qualification Report)
- Safety Manual
- Template IQR (Integration Qualification Report)

The documents in this kit must be supported with documents describing the integration of Rapi**Test** into your development environment, and tests of the integration.

Qualified Target Integration Service

To complete your Rapi**Test** qualification, you must provide evidence describing the integration of Rapi**Test** into your build and target environments, and validation of the *Conditions of Use*. We consider three types of condition:

- Conditions discharged by review of the integration code. For example, the correct use of macros and appropriate memory initialization.
- Conditions discharged by tests of the integration. For example, checking that data is streaming correctly from the target.
- Conditions discharged by the process of using Rapi**Test**.

When you order a qualified target integration service (QTIS), we provide the following documentation and tests:

- Full IQR (Integration Qualification Report) describing validation of the *Conditions of Use* pertaining to integration code review.
- On-site tests validating the *Conditions of Use* pertaining to tests of the integration code.
- A list of expected results.

This reduces your effort to validation of a small number of process conditions.

Qualification options and licensing

You have a number of options when you purchase Rapi**Test**, as shown in Table 2.

Each *use* of qualification materials in a project requires a separate license. A *use* is defined as a tool installation specific to one target and test environment and typically represents a single submission or application for certification.

We offer multiple license discounts if you want to *use* our tools multiple times on the same system or project.

Table 2. Rapi**Test** qualification options

		Tool		Qualification	
		<i>RapiTest tool (RPF)</i>	<i>Target Integration Service (TIS)</i>	<i>RapiTest Qualification Kit (QK-RPF)</i>	<i>Qualified Target Integration Service (QTIS)</i>
Option 1	Provided by:	Rapita	Customer	Customer	Customer
Option 2		Rapita	Rapita	Customer	Customer
Option 3		Rapita	Customer	Rapita	Customer
Option 4		Rapita	Rapita	Rapita	Customer
Option 5		Rapita	Rapita	Rapita	Rapita

Key features

Clear qualification guidance

Our qualification kits include clear guidance on what to do during your tool qualification, including a qualification timeline.

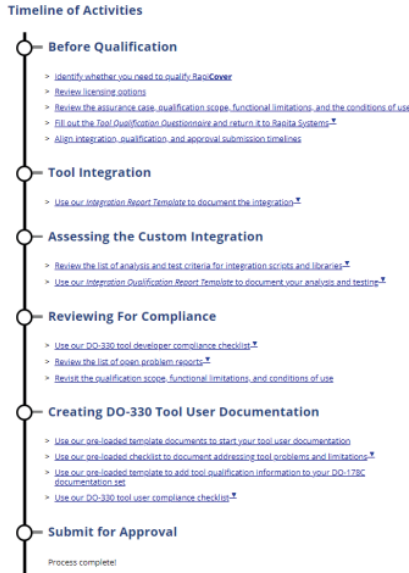


Figure 1. Qualification timeline

Compliance checklists

Checklists are included in our qualification kits that help you check your compliance progress.

Objective	Details	Completion
T-0-1 The tool qualification need is established.	{{See developer TQP [QD/CIC/TQP 3.14] section 6 "Qualification Considerations."}}	
T-0-2 Tool Operational Requirements are defined.	{{Cross-reference developer TOR [QD/CIC/TQP 3.14] for individual requirements.}}	
T-0-3 Tool Executable Object Code is installed in the tool operational environment.	{{Cross-reference to the Integration Report.}}	
T-0-6 Tool Operational Requirements are correct and sufficient.	{{Reference your criteria. Also use TQS [QD/CIC/TQS 3.14] to scope the review.}}	
T-0-7 Software life cycle needs are met by the tool.	{{See developer TQP [QD/CIC/TQP] section 6 "Qualification Considerations.}}	

Figure 2. Compliance checklists help you check your compliance progress

Streamlined qualification material

The documentation, requirements and tests included in our qualification kits are custom depending on your specific development environment, helping you minimize your review effort.

RVS Qualification kit

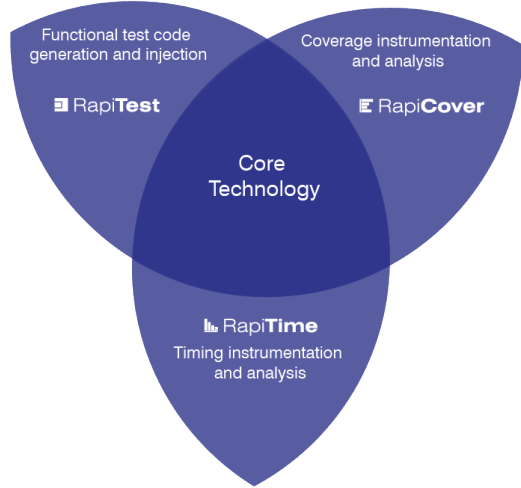


Figure 3. RVS qualification kits are streamlined to how you are using the tools

Qualified instrumenters

The instrumenters used by RVS tools are qualified, so there's no need to manually qualify them.

Assurance issue notification

We notify you when we discover any assurance issues that might cause false positive results or introduce functional changes to your software. We keep you updated with the status of assurance issues regularly.

```

assurance issue report 20200808_0120
Tracking number: 20200808
Status: Resolved
Fixed in: RVS 3.10
Products and versions affected:
- RapiCover problem
- Versions of RVS from 3.2 up to 3.9 and all versions of RPI are affected
- Profiles that include function exits (COPY_178_001_A, COPY_00100, COPY_001000_001001, COPY_178_001_A and COPY_001000000 with --
  --state=CAT20-120001)
- C/C++ files of versions
Summary of circumstances where the issue appears:
- Unreachable explicit returns
Problem report:
The return statement explicitly exits from a subprogram. The end of the subprogram is an implicit return. If there is an explicit return, we hide
the unreachable explicit return. If there are unreachable explicit returns, this is usually an error in the code and needs to be addressed.
RapiCover should mark these as potential exits, even though they are normally unreachable. In the affected versions, it fails to report the
unreachable explicit return.
Example:
code:
void test3(int A) {
    return;
    my_func();
    return;
}
report:
// 2 = "verified, 0 = "labeled (verification)
// Function (F = covered, P = not covered)
// Function exits (e = covered, E = not covered)
// Calls (c = covered, C = not covered)
// Statements (S = covered, S = not covered)
// MISC (m = covered, M = not covered)
// Details (" = marking MISC conditions)
19 | if (1) {
20 | | { 2 | return;
21 | | | 1 | }
22 | | | 1 | }
23 | | | 1 | }
In this example, the instrumenter fails to identify that the unreachable explicit return at line 22 requires function exit coverage. Thus RapiCover
does not report "Function exits" in the third column at line 22 as shown in the report.
Recommendation:
If you suspect that your source code and integration are affected, or are in any doubt:
- We recommend manual analysis of unreachable explicit returns.
- Upgrade to RVS 3.10 or later.

```

Figure 4. Example assurance issue



About Rapita

Rapita Systems provides on-target software verification tools and services globally to the embedded aerospace and automotive electronics industries.

Our solutions help to increase software quality, deliver evidence to meet safety and certification objectives and reduce costs.

Find out more

A range of free high-quality materials are available at:
rapitasystems.com/downloads

SUPPORTING CUSTOMERS WITH:

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Rapi**Cover**

Rapi**Time**

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Qualification

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Compiler Verification

Multicore verification

MACH¹⁷⁸

Multicore Timing Solution

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